

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Diester 100 (CS-204223)

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 03/26/2021
1.1	11/11/2020	800010042448	Date of last issue: 09/10/2020

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name	:	Diester 100
Product code	:	CS-204223

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Compressor Shop 3905 Vincennes Road Indianapolis, IN 46268 US
SDS Request	:
Customer Service	: (+1) 855-244-3786

Emergency telephone number

Spill Information	:	877-504-9351
Health Information	:	877-242-7400

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use

: Compressor oil.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)				
Skin sensitisation	: Ca	itegory 1		
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	: Ca	itegory 3		
GHS label elements				
Hazard pictograms	•	!		
Signal word	: Wa	arning		
Hazard statements	No HE H3 EN	IYSICAL HAZARDS: at classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. EALTH HAZARDS: 17 May cause an allergic skin reaction. IVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: 12 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Precautionary statements	[:] Pr	evention:		

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P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains alkaryl phosphite

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical nature	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regula- tion (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
N-phenyl-1-	N-1-	90-30-2	0.25 - 0.9
naphthylamine	naphthylaniline		
Alkaryl phosphite	tris(nonylpheny	26523-78-4	0.25 - 0.9
	l) phosphite		

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, and follow by washing with soap and water if available. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

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In	case of eye contact	:	Remove contact le rinsing.	pious quantities of water. enses, if present and easy to do. Continue on occurs, obtain medical attention.
lf s	If swallowed		0	tment is necessary unless large quantities owever, get medical advice.
an	ost important symptoms d effects, both acute and layed	:	may include itchin Oil acne/folliculitis of black pustules	(allergic skin reaction) signs and symptoms og and/or a rash. a signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. oult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Pr	otection of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
me	dication of any immediate edical attention and special eatment needed	:	Treat symptomation	cally.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec-	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
tive equipment and emer-		

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gency	/ procedures				
Enviro	Environmental precautions		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.		
	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.		
Additi	Additional advice		For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.		
SECTION	7. HANDLING AND ST	OR	AGE		
Techr	Technical measures		Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.		
Advic	Advice on safe handling		Avoid inhaling var When handling pr worn and proper l	oduct in drums, safety footwear should be nandling equipment should be used. of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate-	

		hais in order to prevent mes.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-		
		late matter)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	 The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this

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			equipment used to equipment, local of Drain down system nance. Retain drain down subsequent recyco Always observe g washing hands af drinking, and/or si protective equipment	ood personal hygiene measures, such as ter handling the material and before eating, moking. Routinely wash work clothing and tent to remove contaminants. Discard con- g and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Per	sonal protective equipm	nent		
	spiratory protection	:	No respiratory pro conditions of use. In accordance wit	ptection is ordinarily required under normal h good industrial hygiene practices, precau- ken to avoid breathing of material.
	nd protection Remarks	:	gloves approved a suitable chemical gloves Suitability usage, e.g. freque sistance of glove glove suppliers. C Personal hygiene Gloves must only gloves, hands sho cation of a non-pe For continuous co through time of m 480 minutes when short-term/splash recognize that sui may not be availa time maybe accept and replacement a good predictor of dependent on the Glove thickness s	act with the product may occur the use of to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, from the following materials may provide protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber and durability of a glove is dependent on ency and duration of contact, chemical re- material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. is a key element of effective hand care. be worn on clean hands. After using buld be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- erfumed moisturizer is recommended. ontact we recommend gloves with break- ore than 240 minutes with preference for > re suitable gloves can be identified. For protection we recommend the same but itable gloves offering this level of protection ble and in this case a lower breakthrough otable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is exact composition of the glove material. should be typically greater than 0.35 mm glove make and model.
Eye	e protection	:	Wear full face shi	eld if splashes are likely to occur.
Ski	n and body protection	:		sistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where also wear an apron.
Pro	tective measures	:	Personal protectiv	ve equipment (PPE) should meet recom-

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		mended nation	al standards. Check with PPE suppliers.				
Thermal hazards		: Not applicable	: Not applicable				
Envir	ronmental exposure	controls					
vant environment of the environment necessary, preve charged to waste municipal or indu discharge to surfa Local guidelines		vant environme of the environm necessary, pre charged to was municipal or in discharge to su Local guideline must be observ vapour.	s on emission limits for volatile substances ved for the discharge of exhaust air containing				
	arance	: liquid					

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	tan
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	Method: Unspecified Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	:	270 °C / 518 °F
		Method: ASTM D92 (COC)
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)
		estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)

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	Relativ	e density	:	0.903 (15.0 °C /	59.0 °F)		
	Density	/	:	903 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ASTM D4052			
	Solubili Wat	ity(ies) ter solubility	:	negligible			
	Solu	ubility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e		
	Partitio octano	n coefficient: n- l/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)		
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	-		
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not availabl	e		
	Viscosi Visc	ty cosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e		
	Viso	cosity, kinematic	:	100 mm2/s (40.0	°C / 104.0 °F)		
				Method: ASTM D	0445		
	Explos	ive properties	:	Not classified			
	Oxidizi	ng properties	:	Data not availabl	e		
	Condu	ctivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.		

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a

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whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not m	et.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not m	et.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Components:

N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Remarks: Classified Skin Sensitiser Category 1B.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

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Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided

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as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity		
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available
Components:		
N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine:		
M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- icity)	:	1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Alkaryl phosphite: M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- icity)	:	1

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M-Fa toxici	ctor (Chronic aquatic ty)	: 1	
Persi	stence and degradab	ÿ	
<u>Prod</u> Biode	<u>uct:</u> gradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but co components that may persist in the environment.	ontain
Bioa	ccumulative potential		
<u>Prod</u> Bioac	uct: cumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bi cumulate.	ioac-
Mobi	lity in soil		
Prod	uct:		
Mobil	ity	: Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will no mobile.	
		Remarks: Floats on water.	
Othe	r adverse effects		
Prod	uct:		
Addit matic	ional ecological infor- n	: Does not have ozone depletion potential, photochemic ozone creation potential or global warming potential. Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which be released to air in any significant quantities under no conditions of use.	n will r
		Poorly soluble mixture. Causes physical fouling of aquatic organisms.	
		Mineral oil does not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic or isms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.	rgan-

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses

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		ground water, o Waste, spills of Waste arising f posed of in acc to a recognised collector or cor Do not dispose	should not be allowed to contaminate soil or or be disposed of into the environment. r used product is dangerous waste. rom a spillage or tank cleaning should be dis- cordance with prevailing regulations, preferably d collector or contractor. The competence of the atractor should be established beforehand. of tank water bottoms by allowing them to round. This will result in soil and groundwater
Cont	aminated packaging	to a recognized the collector or Disposal shoul	ordance with prevailing regulations, preferably d collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. d be in accordance with applicable regional, ocal laws and regulations.
Loca	al legislation	•	d be in accordance with applicable regional,
Rem	arks		cal laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
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		(lbs)	(lbs)
aniline	62-53-3	5000	*

0/2020

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Respiratory or skin sensitisation
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

aniline 62-53-3 0.0044 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know	
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distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8
Diphenylamine	122-39-4

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, aniline, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	Not established.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

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NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 1, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

Full lext of other appreviations	5
ACGIH :	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-1 :	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-
	its for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA :	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	8-hour time weighted average
	: The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu-
Abbreviations and Actonyms	
	ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific
	dictionaries) and/or websites.
	ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial
	Hygienists
	ADR = European Agreement concerning the International
	Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
	AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
	ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials
	BEL = Biological exposure limits
	BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
	CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council
	CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling
	COC = Cleveland Open-Cup
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List
	EC = European Commission
	EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty
	ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-
	gy Of Chemicals
	ECHA = European Chemicals Agency
	EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial
	Chemical Substances
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
	Inventory
	EWC = European Waste Code
	GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	Labelling of Chemicals
	IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the
	determination of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent.
	LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading

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		Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect L OE_HPV = Occ PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predic REACH = Regi Chemicals RID = Regulatid gerous Goods I SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short to TRA = Targeted TSCA = US To TWA = Time-W	ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
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